

**2024 MEASUREMENT EFFORT** 

APM goals by line of business. For the full 2024 Measurement Effort results, review the 2024 Methodology and Results Report. In 2023, 28.5% of U.S. health care payments flowed through downside risk

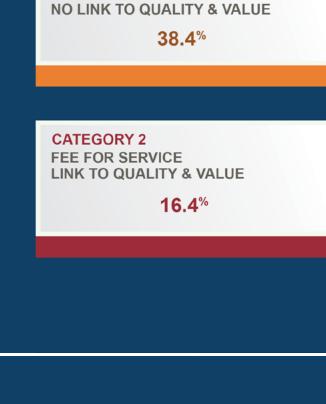
Commercial health plans, managed care organizations (MCOs), state Medicaid agencies, Medicare Advantage (MA) plans, and Traditional Medicare voluntarily participated in a national effort to measure the use of alternative payment models (APMs) as well as progress toward the HCPLAN's 2030

contracts (Categories 3B-4) across all lines of business (LOBs).

Percentage of U.S. Health Care Payments in Categories 3B-4 by LOB CY 2023 Data Year

14.2% 28.5% 8.2% 9.2% 11.9% 21.6% 43.0% 34.0% 21.1% 33.7% 14.3% 13.4% 11.9% 21.8% 17.6% 16.7% 9.0% 22.6% 8.3% 21.3% 54.8% 60.8% 56.3% 58.0% 35.7% **COMMERCIAL MEDICARE MEDICAID TRADITIONAL ADVANTAGE MEDICARE ALL LOB** Categories 1 & 2 Category 3A Category 3B Category 4 CLICK INDIVIDUAL COLUMNS FOR MORE INFORMATION

**Payment in All Lines of Business** 



**CATEGORY 1** 

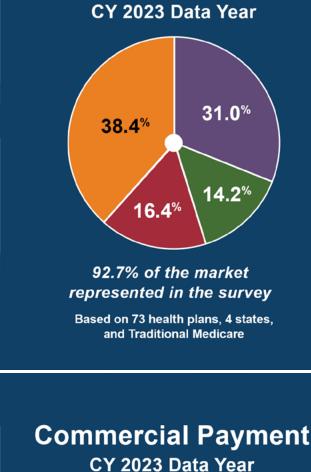
**CATEGORY 1** 

**FEE FOR SERVICE** 

NO LINK TO QUALITY & VALUE

**50.0**%

**FEE FOR SERVICE** 



	3B side Rewards & ownside Risk 14.3%
BASED PA	YMENT
pulation-Based Payment	4C Integrated Finance & Delivery Systems 4.2%
0.4	4.2
	wnside Risk 3, 4A, 4B, & 4C)
	BASED PA  4B omprehensive pulation-Based Payment 6.4%

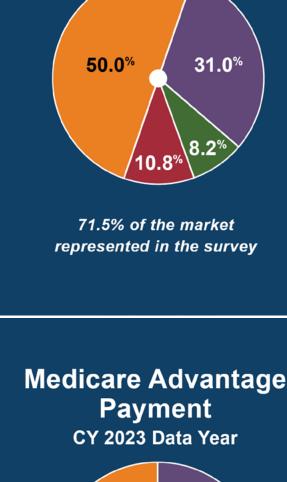
FEE-FOR-SERVICE ARCHITECTURE

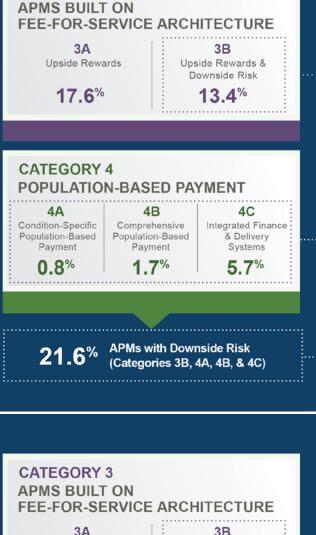
**CATEGORY 3** 

APMS BUILT ON

**CATEGORY 3** 

**CATEGORY 2 FEE FOR SERVICE** LINK TO QUALITY & VALUE 2B 2C Foundational Pay for Pay for Reporting Payments for Performance Infrastructure & Operations 0.0% 0.0% 10.8% **CATEGORY 1 FEE FOR SERVICE NO LINK TO QUALITY & VALUE** 31.3% **CATEGORY 2** 



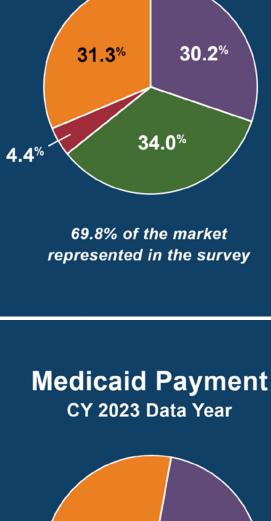




0.0%

8.8%

Infrastructure & Operations 0.2%



47.3%

34.4%

9.2%

9.0%

69.3% of the market represented in the survey



11.9%

4C

Integrated Finance

& Delivery

Systems

2.1%

22.6%

POPULATION-BASED PAYMENT

4B

Comprehensive

Population-Based

Payment

4.6%

FEE-FOR-SERVICE ARCHITECTURE

**APMs with Downside Risk** (Categories 3B, 4A, 4B, & 4C)

Upside Rewards &

Downside Risk

21.8%

**CATEGORY 4** 

Condition-Specific

Population-Based

2.6%

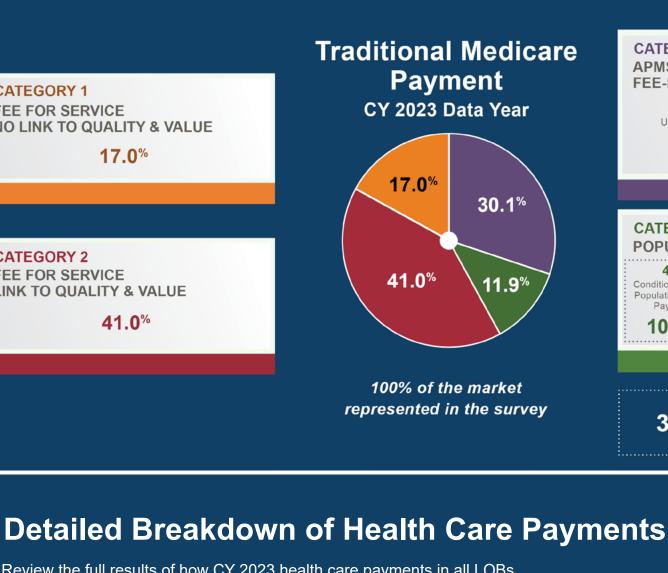
**CATEGORY 3** APMS BUILT ON

Upside Rewards

8.3%

**CATEGORY 4** 









45%

40%

35%

30%

20%

10%

PAYERS' PERSPECTIVE

**WHAT DO PAYERS** 

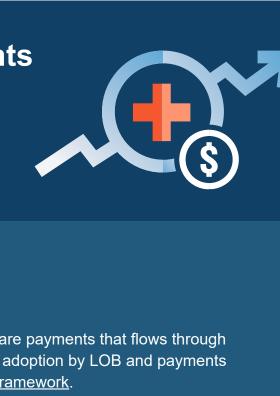
THINK ABOUT

THE FUTURE

**OF APM** 

**ADOPTION?** 



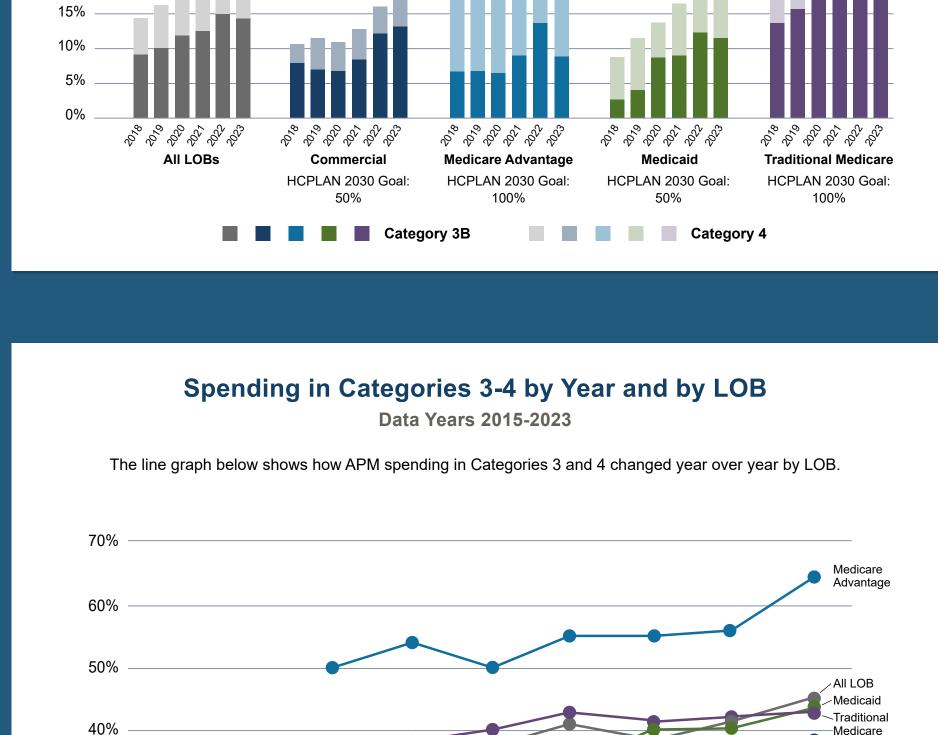


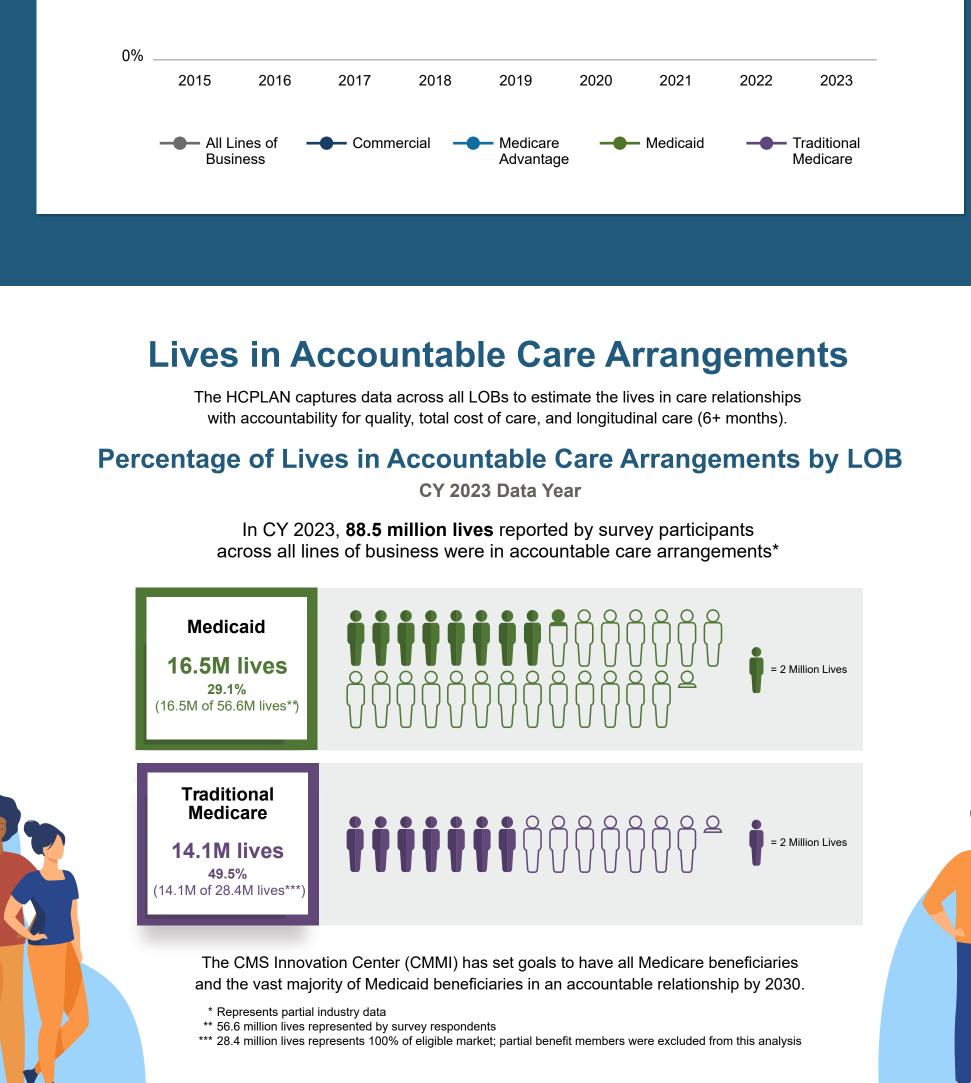
-Medicare Commercial

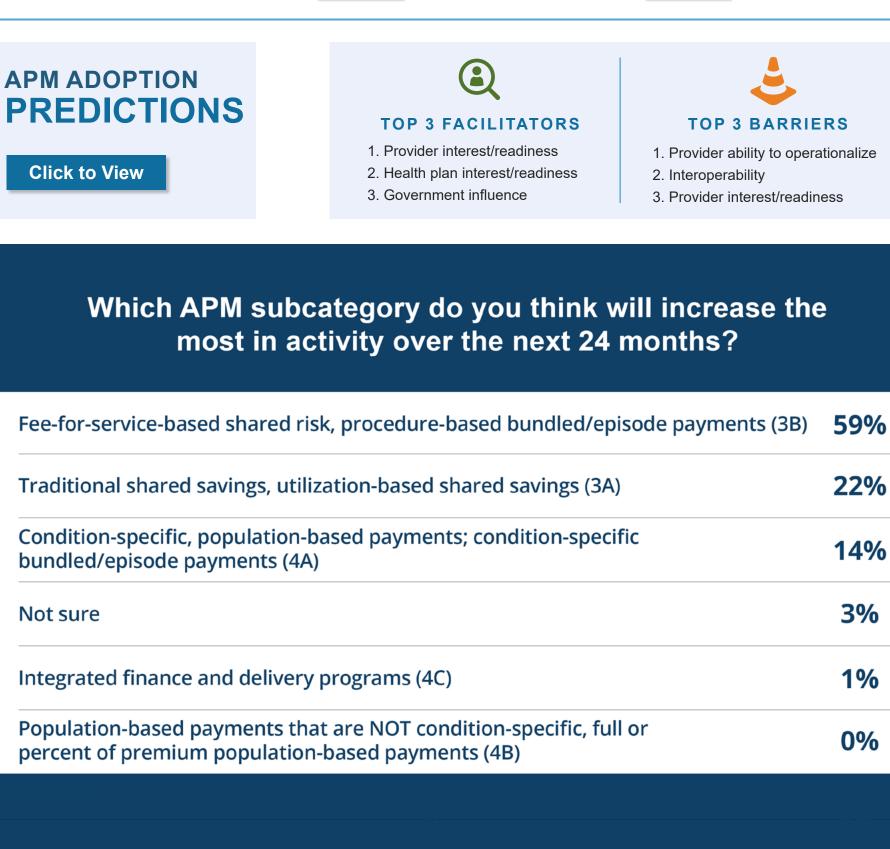
## The bar graph below illustrates progress in the adoption of downside risk APM spending (Categories 3B-4) by LOB since 2018.

**Data Years 2018-2023** 

30% 25% 20%







**APM Adoption Predictions** 

Change

from 2022

**▲** 3

percentage

points

▲ 1

percentage

points

▲ 9

percentage

points

**▼**6

percentage

points

percentage

points

**Health Equity** 

Strongly

Agree/Agree

**7**%

Disagree/

**Strongly** 

**Disagree** 

4%

3%

**5**%

24%

**57**%

Unsure/

**Did Not** 

**Answer** 

0%

3%

**45**%

36%

Change

from 2022

**▼** 4

percentage

points

percentage

points

▼8

percentage

points

**▲** 19

percentage

points

percentage

points

Change

from 2022

**▲** 15

percentage points

**▲ 12** 

percentage points

**▲** 15

percentage points

**▲** 13

percentage points

**8** 

percentage points

Change

from 2022

**▲** 18

percentage points

**▲** 19

percentage points

**20** 

percentage points

**▲ 13** 

percentage points

**▲** 12

percentage points

percentage points

2023

**59**%

38%

34%

2023

**58**%

**51**%

49%

41%

38%

38%

Change

from 2022

▲ 1

percentage

points

0

percentage

points

percentage

points

**▼**13

percentage

points

percentage

points

**Click to View** 

activity will increase

0%

think APM

activity will decrease

think APM

are not sure

or did not answer

3%

activity will stay the same

## ...better quality of care? 96% 94% ...improved care coordination? ...more affordable care? 88% ...more consolidation among 31%

Will APM adoption result in...

health care providers?

...higher unit prices for

discrete services?

**Top 5 Social Determinants of Health/Delivery Top 5 Strategies Health Plans Are Strategies Health Plans Intend to Improve Using to Incentivize Health Equity** Collection of standardized race, ethnicity, and Screening for socioeconomic barriers known to impact health or health outcomes language data Participation in quality improvement collaboratives Referrals to community-based organizations to address socioeconomic barriers Reporting performance measures by race, ethnicity, Care coordination for services that address socioeconomic barriers and language Complete staff competencies to serve diverse Safe transportation (e.g., incentives or partnerships in ride-sharing programs) populations Collection of sexual orientation, gender, and Food insecurity (e.g., offering resources for access to **Click to View** Review Year-Over-Year Health Equity Responses

**Health Equity Responses Year Over Year** 

The tables below include the top five responses to each health equity question.

**Top 5 Strategies Health Plans Are Using to Incentivize Health Equity** 

1. Collection of standardized race, ethnicity, and language data

4. Complete staff competencies to serve diverse populations

5. Collection of sexual orientation, gender, and identity data

1. Screening for socioeconomic barriers known to impact

2. Referrals to community-based organizations to address

health or health outcomes

socioeconomic barriers

Top 5 SDoH/Delivery Strategies Health Plans Intend to Improve

To review all of the response options, reference the 2024 Methodology and Results Report.

**53**% 2. Participation in quality improvement collaboratives 43% 3. Reporting performance measures by race, ethnicity, and language

3.	Care coordination for services that address socioeconomic barriers
4.	Safe transportation (e.g., incentives or partnerships in ride-sharing programs)
5*	F. Food insecurity (e.g., offering resources for access to nutritious food)
5*	. Multidisciplinary team models (e.g., social worker, community health worker, medical staff, doulas, etc.)