

SPRING VIRTUAL EVENT

Aligning for Action

Health Care Payment Learning & Action Network

May 1, 2017



KNIGHT STUDIO NEWSEUM

For Implementers

Are you participating in an alternative payment model (APM) – in whole or in part – and if so for how long?

- o 3+ Years
- o 1 to 2 Years
- Less than 1 Year
- o Would like to participate but not ready at this time
- Not participating



For participants who are not implementers:

What is your role in advancing APMs?

- o Advocacy
- o Consulting
- Education/Resources
- o Expertise
- o Convener
- o Other



Viewpoint: Patient Perspective



Nancy Michaels

Inspirational Speaker, Healthcare Speaker, Business Consultant



What are your obstacles to instituting value-based payments or APMs?

(check all that apply)

- o Leadership Support
- o Organizational Culture
- Technology Infrastructure
- o Legislation
- o Financing
- Access to Implementation Tools
- o Other
- None already implementing





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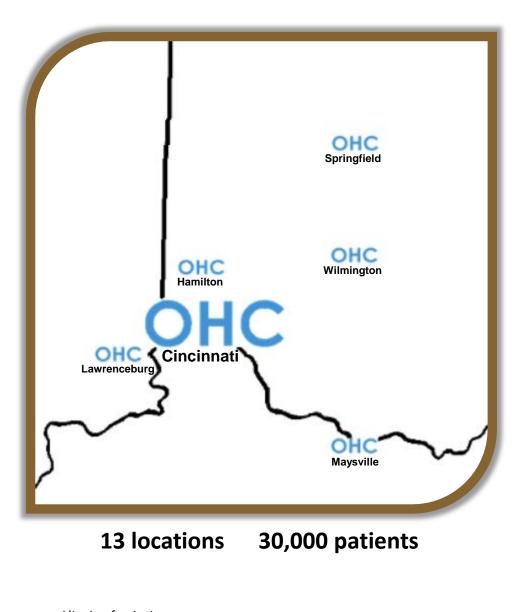
Oncology Care Model

Brian R. Bourbeau Director of Practice Operations Oncology Hematology Care The US Oncology Network

Disclaimer

The statements contained in this document are solely those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of CMS. The author assume responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in this document.





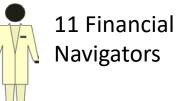






10 Radiation Oncologists 20 Nurse Navigators



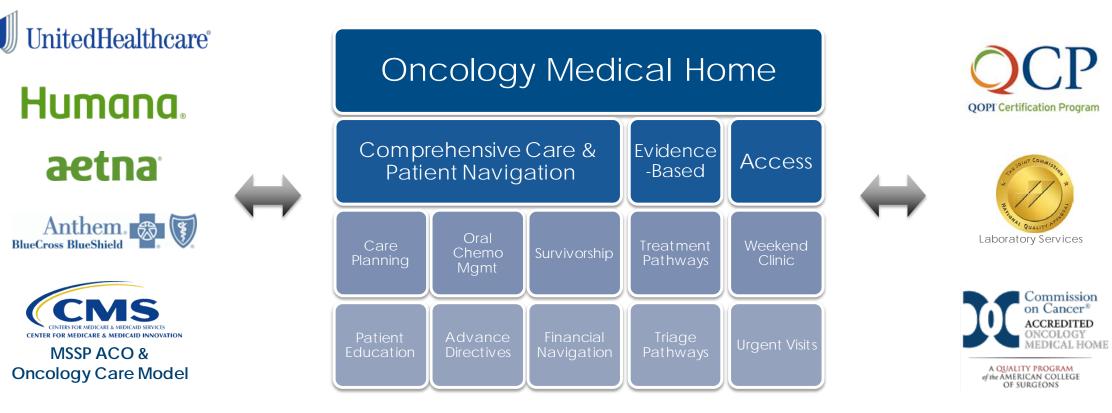




Payment Reform

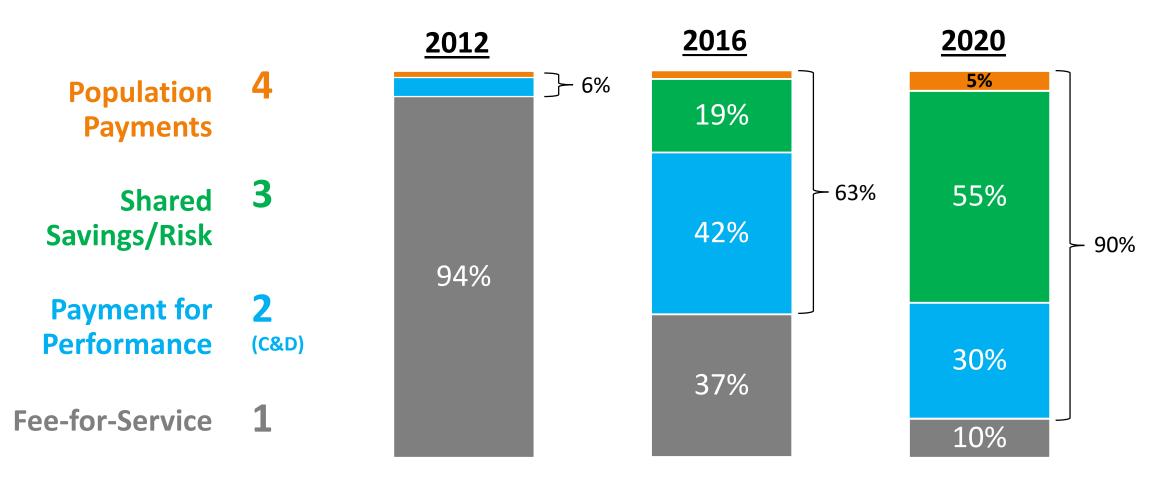
OHC Clinical Care Model

Accreditation





Goals for Quality & Value





Oncology Care Model

- 5-year CMMI project July '16 June '21
- 190 practices
- Practice redesign activities & quality measurement
- Enhanced oncology services payments
- Total cost-of-care & shared savings / risk





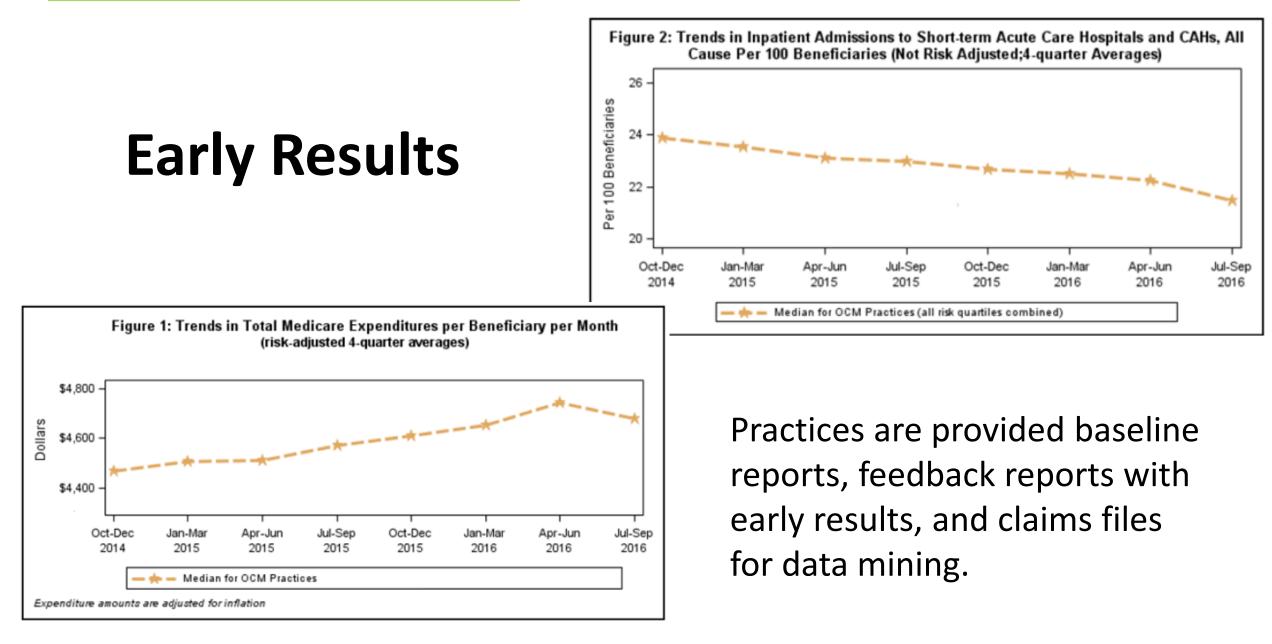
- Clear Value Plus Treatment Pathways
- Triage Pathways

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• Data Mining

- Team-based Care Planning Sessions
- Depression Screening & Follow-up
- Advance Care Planning

- 5 RN Phone Triage Unit
- Triage Pathways
- Urgent Care Visits







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Medical Home Program

Karen S. Johnson, Vice-President, Healthcare Insights and Partnerships, Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Kansas City

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WASHINGTON, DC

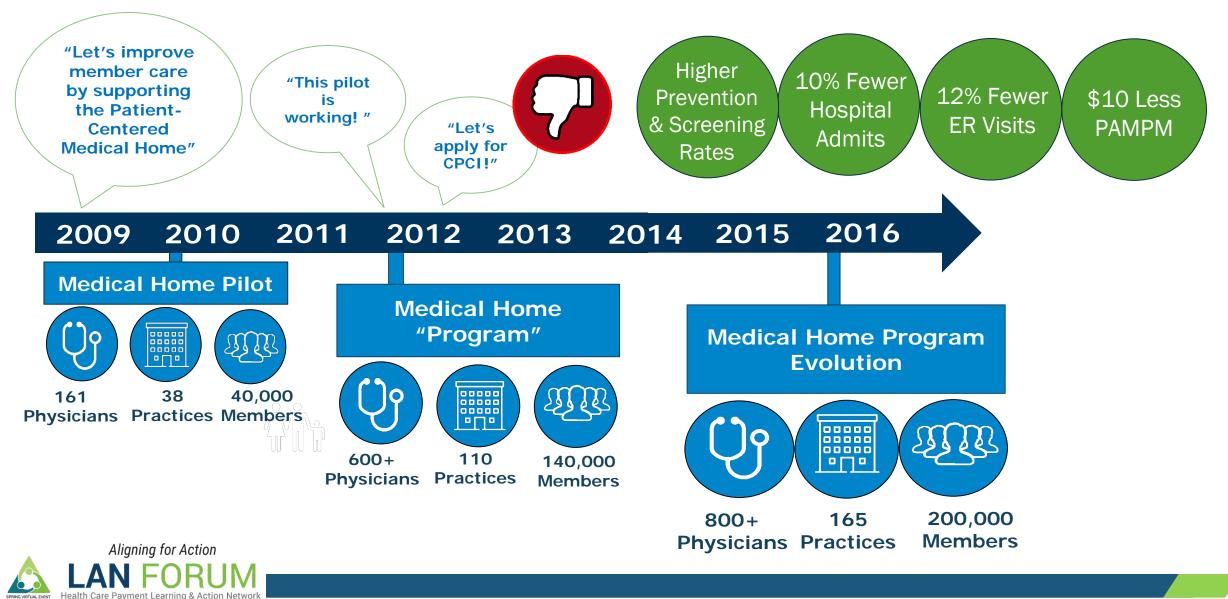
The Story of CPC+ in Kansas City...



region
 counties
 states
 825 clinicians
 110 locations
 payer



It all started in 2009 when....



Challenges...

Lead to successes...

18

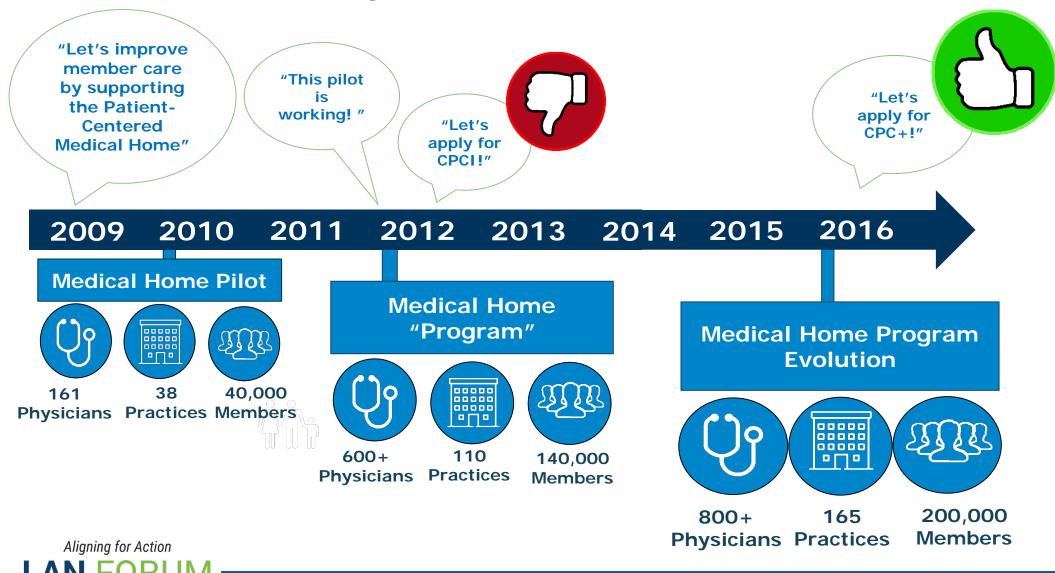
Redefining the health plan role in member health	Improving member health means supporting providers differently
Talking to employers about "new" provider payments	Employers are on the journey with us
Engaging providers as partners is different than "contracting"	Understanding the provider experience

better care | smarter spending | healthier people



Back to the story...

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Atrius Health

Emily DuHamel Brower

Vice President of Population Health

Atrius Health

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Atrius Health

An innovative healthcare leader delivering a system of high-quality, patient-centered, connected care.



Dedham Medical Associates Granite Medical Group Harvard Vanguard Medical Associates VNA Care

Providing care for ~ 675,000 adult and pediatric patients with 750 physicians across more than 35 specialties

🚫 Atrius Health

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Inspiring Each Other...

"We always put the patient first and don't let our organizational baggage get in the way."

- Joseph R. Cunningham, MD Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Oklahoma CMO February 28 LANPAC Webinar



Atrius Health Core Competencies

Patient-Centered Medical Home foundation, achieving level 3 NCQA status across all primary care practices

Long history with and majority of revenue under **risk-based contracts** across commercial and public payers

Corporate Data Warehouse integrating single platform, electronic health record data with multi-payer claims data

Widespread Extensive **Population Health Management** including disease-based and risk-based roster reviews

Sophisticated development and reporting of **Quality and Performance Measures** leading to high achievement

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Medicare Population Health Strategy: Pioneer ACO Participation Reason for Action (2(12)

High quality, high – value care for <u>all</u> Medicare-eligible patients across the care continuum and across the Atrius Health system of care

Unique opportunity to be accountable for quality and costs for a PPO population through Pioneer ACO Further Atrius Health position as a market leader in payment reform, moving towards 100% global payment Achieving Triple Aim Goals

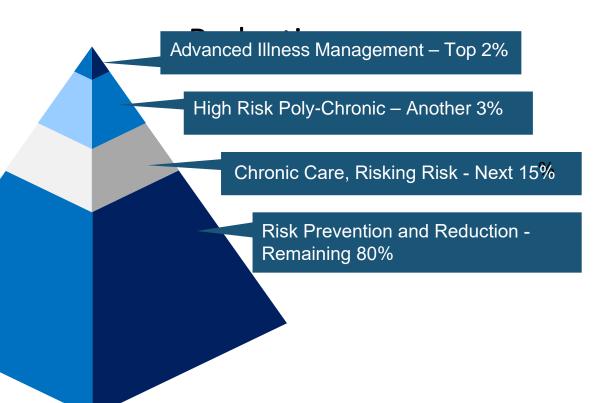
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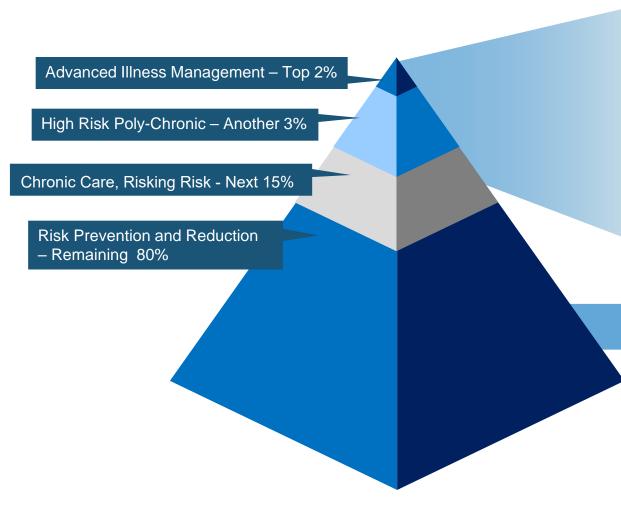
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Medicare Population Health Approach
Close medical management at end of life

- Tight coordination of 5% highest risk
- Management of chronic conditions
- Preventive care and Risk



Medicare Population Health Initiatives



Management of High Risk

Patients, High Cost Events

- Patient Stratification
- Care Team Roster Reviews
- Post Acute Episode Mgmt
- Advance Care Planning
- Integrated Community Supports

Risk Identification and Prevention

- Falls Risk/Fractures
- Depression Screening
- Med Reconciliation

Pioneer ACO Performance

Low Cost* with Year over Year Improvement

Year	Percent Savings/Loss	Gross Savings	Quality Score
2012 (PY1)	1% loss in the noise	\$0	Reporting Only
2013 (PY2)	1% savings in the noise	\$3.1M	92.49
2014 (PY3)	1.4% savings	\$4.4M	91.40
2015 (PY4)	2.6% savings	\$6.8M	95.38

*Atrius Health 2014 Baseline PBPY = \$9191; All Pioneer Average = \$10,399; Other Massachusetts Average \$11,134. Source: Pioneer ACO Public Use File: <u>https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Downloadable-Public-Use-Files/Pioneer/index.html</u> (2015 public use file not yet published)





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APM Framework Refresh

Sam R. Nussbaum

Chair, LAN Alternative Payment Model Framework Refresh Advisory Group

Senior Fellow, Schaeffer Center for Health Policy and Economics, University of Southern California

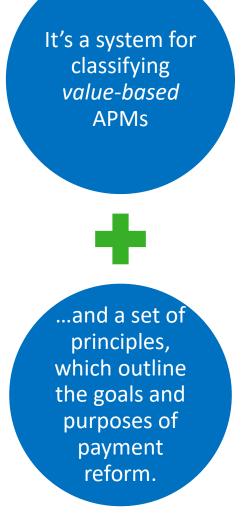
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What is the APM Framework?

It provides a rationale for payment reform, categorizes APMs at various stages of advancement, and establishes a pathway towards a value-based health care system.







Original APM Framework

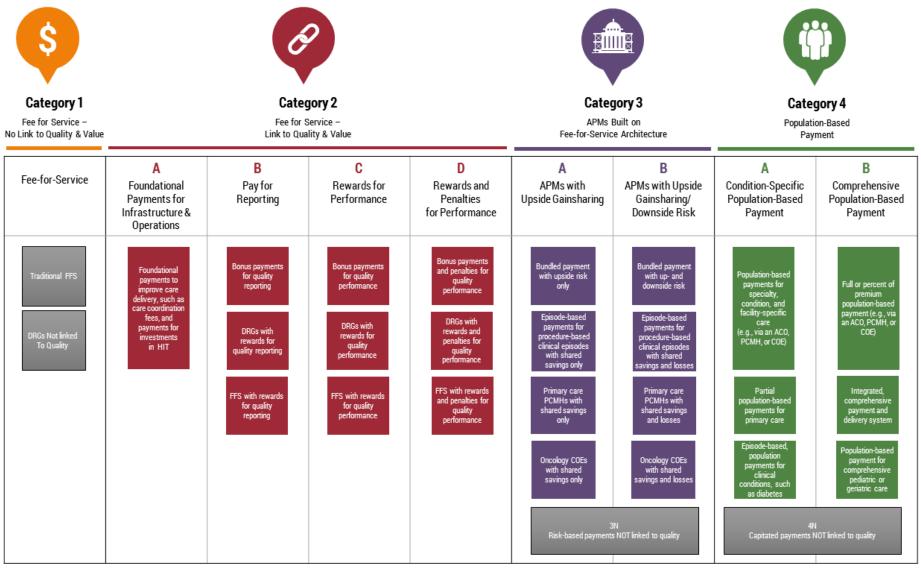
= example payment models will not

count toward APM goal.

Ν

= payment models in Categories 3 and 4 that do not have

a link to quality and will not count toward the APM goal.





Why refresh the APM Framework?

It's a system for classying value-based APMs

• The foundation for implementing and evaluating progress toward health care payment reform

To remain relevant, it must reflect:

- The passage of new legislation and the issuance of new regulations
- Lessons learned and best practices in the field





Which topics does the APM Refresh Address?

- Are the principles enduring, or have they changed?
- Clarify relationships between Advanced APMs under MACRA and categories in the LAN APM Framework
- Identify where small, rural and safety net providers can participate through APM adoption
- With the growth of integrated financing and delivery systems, consider a new Category
- Identify opportunities to modify the framework in ways that expedite and simplify the progress tracking effort, while reducing burden for payers



APM Framework Refresh Advisory Group



Sam Nussbaum - **Chair** USC Schaeffer Center for Health Policy and Economics



Alexander Billoux CMS Reid Blackwelder East Tennessee State University



Keith Lind AARP Public Policy Institute



Timothy Ferris Partners Healthcare



Dorothy Teeter Washington State Health Care Authority



Aparna Higgins AHIP



Original Foundational Principles

✓ Identified payment as one of many drivers of person-centered care

✓ Established goals for APM adoption

✓ Identified distinguishing characteristics of value-based APMs and conventions for classification and measurement

 Provided recommendations on how to structure and distribute value-based incentives

These principles remain largely unchanged, with some notable exceptions



Changes to foundational statements

- 1. Payment reform is a vehicle for financing delivery systems that improve the value of care, as opposed to a goal in its own right.
- 2. More clearly acknowledge that for some providers, Category 2 may be the vehicle for delivering person-centered care
- 3. The purpose of financial incentives and financial risk is to improve the value of care, and they should be balanced to support behavior change while avoiding unintended consequences



Classification Changes

New Category 4C for Integrated Finance and Delivery Systems

Integrated finance and delivery systems employ or align payers and providers within the same organization:

- Health plans that own provider organizations
- Provider organizations the sell insurance products

Integrated finance and delivery systems:

- Integrated finance and delivery systems provide unique opportunities for transforming care delivery
- Integrated financial and delivery systems should be classified separately because they offer unique opportunities for investment and delivery system transformation.
- Further evaluation will determine whether these organizations are more effective for increasing the value of care through delivery system improvement



Classification Changes

Expanded Definition of Category 3

- Originally, cost performance against a financial benchmark was the key characteristic of Category 3 APMs
- However, in certain circumstances (such as primary care in the Medicare population) "fee-at-risk" arrangements can serve as an effective proxy for generating cost efficiencies

Key considerations with this type of model:

- Reducing hospitalizations may not be fully reflective of improved care, and may in fact indicate reductions in necessary care.
- Health plans generally have quality and performance requirements, and historically have not rewarded providers solely for reducing utilization.
- It is critical to actively take steps (e.g., contractually and through monitoring) to avoid unintended consequences of rewarding reduced utilization.



Classification Changes

Additional Requirement for Categories 3 and 4

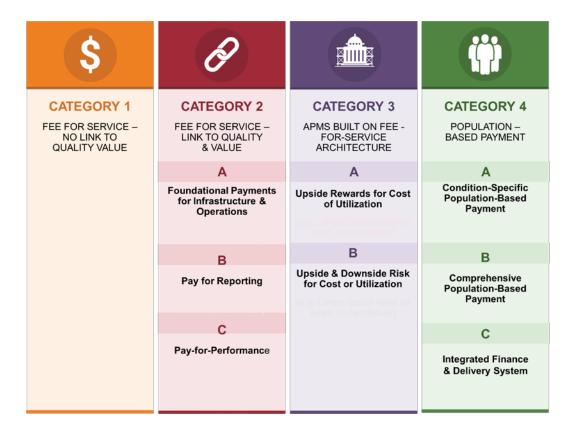
- Categories 3 and 4 entail the greatest incentives to reduce costs, but this can be accomplished by reducing necessary as well as unnecessary care.
- Therefore, Category 3 and 4 APMs must strongly encourage reductions in wasteful care by evaluating providers on the basis of "appropriate care" measures, and we have added those to go beyond quality alone.

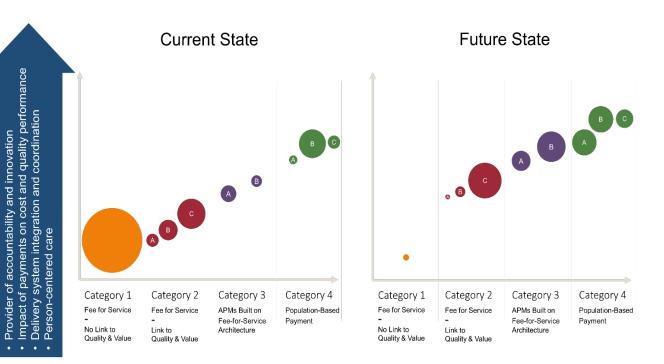
Appropriate care measures can include:

- Preventable hospital admissions
- Unnecessary imaging
- Documentation of shared-decisionmaking
- Appropriate use of medications
- Rates of "never events"
- Adherence to clinical guidelines for pre-term labor and delivery and end of life care



Updated Graphics







Next Steps

- We believe these framework and other changes make the document more compelling and address the changes occurring in the health care ecosystem
- We welcome your comments during the public comment period, which will be announced shortly





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Thank you for participating!

